YOUTH FOR THE PLANET:

Taking Climate
Action in Your
Own Community

Grades 7-10





LESSON OBJECTIVES

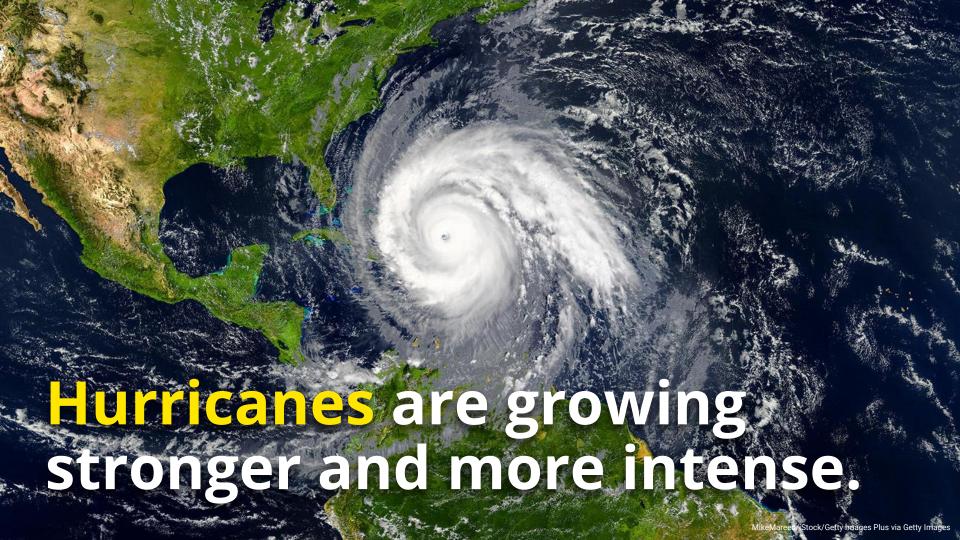


By the end of this slideshow, you'll be able to:

- Recognize some of the effects climate change is having on communities around the U.S.
- Understand the main natural and human-made causes of climate change.
- Identify the actions young people are taking to address the effects of climate change in their communities.
- Make a plan of climate actions you can take at home, school, or in your own community.













What are some effects of climate change that might impact your own community?





(Top) Halfpoint/iStock/Getty Images Plus; (Bottom) John Morrison/E+ via Getty Images

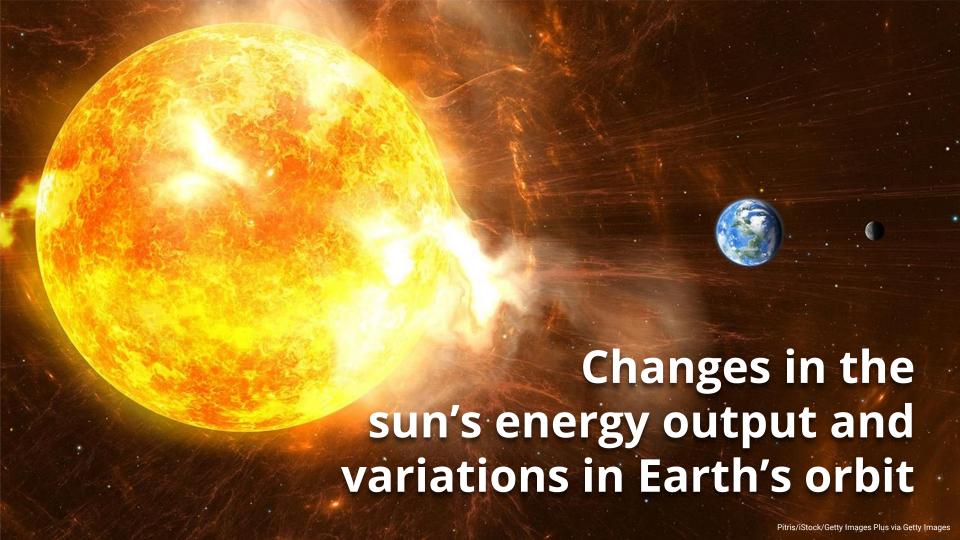
What's Causing Climate Change?

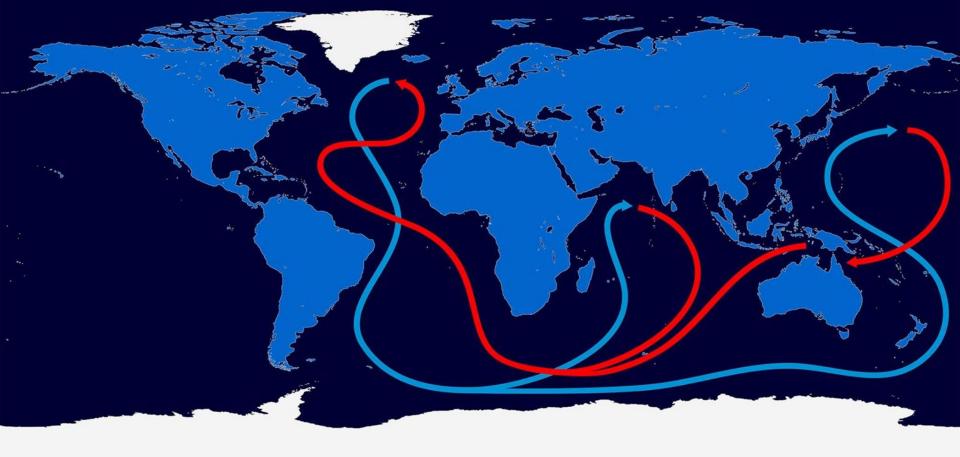
Let's examine the natural and human (anthropogenic) causes.

Natural Causes of Climate Change

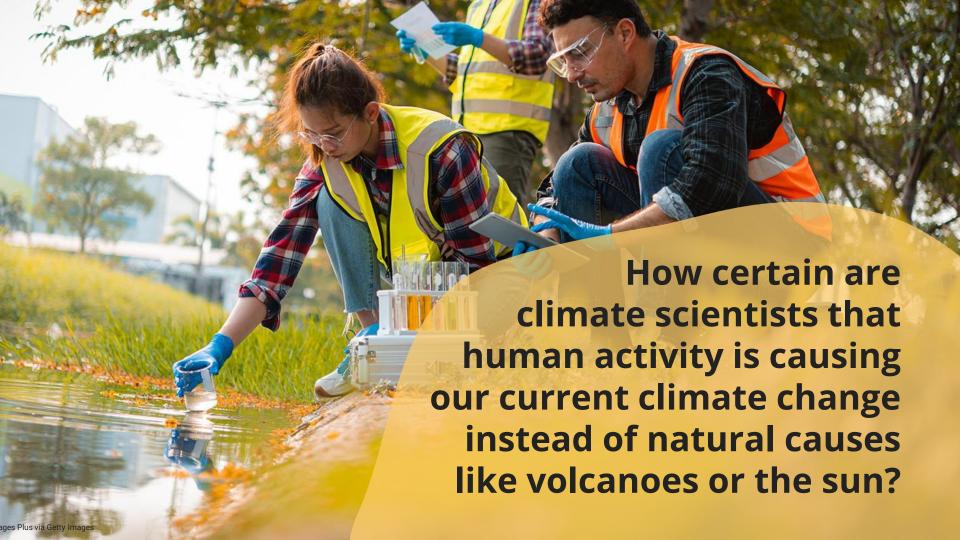
- Volcanic eruptions
- Changes in the sun's energy output
- Variations in Earth's orbit
- Ocean currents







Ocean Currents



Anthropogenic Climate Change:





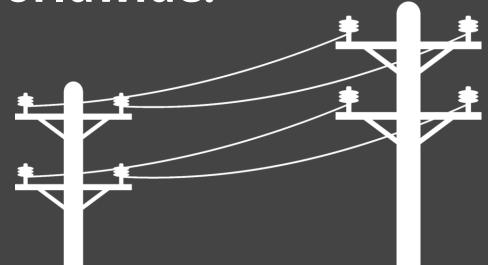
About how much of the world's electricity is produced using renewable sources like wind or solar power?

A. 1/8

в. 1/4

c. 1/2

Homes and commercial buildings like shops and factories use more than half of all the electricity we make worldwide.



The manufacturing of goods was responsible for what percentage of greenhouse gases in the United States in 2020?

A. 5%

B. 24%



The cars, trucks, ships, and planes that we use to move ourselves and our goods are the biggest source of greenhouse gas emissions in the United States.

TRUE OR FALSE?



Globally, we cut down about 12 million hectares of forest every year. That's like losing a forest the size of which U.S. state each year?

A. Rhode Island

B. Pennsylvania

c. Texas

Approximately how much of the food and beverages we purchase each year are produced in the United States?

A. 25%

в.58%

c. 90%

WHAT ABOUT US?

How do our actions contribute to climate change?

"When enough people come together, then change will come and we can achieve almost anything. So instead of looking for hope, start creating it."

—Greta Thunberg



Young people taking climate action in Florida

PROBLEM:

Miami Beach sits on a barrier island and is almost directly at sea level. This means sea-level rise is already having an impact on the city, and the problems associated with it will only get worse in the future if no action is taken.





Ways Miami Beach is Adapting to Climate Change

- 1. Roads and sidewalks have been raised to ensure they're still useable as sea levels continue to rise.
- 2. **New pump stations** have been built to lessen flooding by draining the city of water during rainfall and high tides.
- 3. **Updated building codes** for new construction have been written requiring that the ground floor be between 1 and 5 feet above the flood line.

Ways Miami Beach is Mitigating Climate Change



- The city completed 8 miles of bike lanes and installed six long-term bicycle parking facilities—with repair stations—in parking garages. A free trolley is also available to residents and visitors around the island as an alternative to taxis and cars.
- 2. Over the next 10 years, the city will plant more than 5,000 trees that will help capture water and remove pollutants from the air.
- 3. Miami Beach advocates for national climate policies and taking collective action to **set goals for emissions** by 50–52% below 2005 levels by 2023, net-zero by 2050.

Young people taking climate action in Oregon

PROBLEM:

Students in Portland, Oregon, are becoming frustrated by what they believe is lack of action regarding climate change on the part of Oregon's government leaders.

ACTION:

Students organized a school walkout and protest to raise awareness.



Young people taking climate action in Montana









- Be aware of waste—save leftovers and avoid throwing away food that's still good.
- Use a reusable water bottle and fill it up with water from the tap.
- Keep your **home's thermostat** set a bit cooler in the winter and a bit warmer in the summer.
- Reuse items rather than purchasing new ones whenever possible.
- Turn off the lights/electronics when you're not using them.
- Take shorter showers (still shower though ... that's important!).
- Plant a garden of perennial and native plants.
- **Discuss renewable power options** with your parents and try implementing some.



Taking Climate Action at School



- Walk or bike to school if possible.
- Turn off lights in classrooms that aren't in use. (Researching how your school
 is powered would be helpful too.)
- **Reuse your school supplies** (binders, bookbags, etc.) instead of buying new ones each year.
- Plant a school garden, start a share table for uneaten food in the cafeteria, and look for other ways to reduce food waste.
- Cut back on paper usage by going digital whenever possible.
- Encourage teachers to include lessons about climate change in all grade levels.
- Start/join a school green club.



Taking Climate Action in Your Community



- Petition your local government to create more green spaces/plant more trees.
- Talk to your school board about reducing food waste in the cafeteria.
- Ask local businesses to stop using plastic bags.
- **Participate** in community science efforts to document climate changes in your local area.
- **Write letters** to your local representatives about specific climate action you want them to support in your state.

